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***YOUTH IN ACTION - SUB-ACTION 1.3 "YOUTH AND DEMOCRACY"
PROJECT ECWS - EUROPEAN COMMISSION WORKING SIMULATION – cod. IT-13-E26-2012-R3***

FORM FOR AMENDMENTS

Reggio Calabria - Italy, 08-13 December 2013

Rapporteur: Lluís Navarro

Commission (Commission Color): Green commission

Topic: The European Platform against Poverty and Social exclusion: a European framework for social and territorial cohesion.

Amendment:

INTRODUCTION:

- A common target that the European Union should lift at least 20 million people out of poverty and social exclusion in the next decade. Complementary national targets for all 28 members will now follow.
- The most vulnerable people in our societies have borne much of the impact of the economic crisis.
- This is unacceptable in 21st Century Europe. Restoring economic growth with more and better jobs will be the key to the fight against poverty.
- The Commission proposes to establish a European platform against poverty and social exclusion, as one of its seven flagship initiatives for action to reach that goal.

In order to get all these goals, we will make our proposal according to the five policies that we are working with:

- Humanitarian and civil protection,
- Justice,
- Health,
- Social affairs,
- Home affairs.

Humanitarian aid and civil protection (Lluís Navarro):

-Humanitarian aid has to be distributed without regard for any political agendas, and without exception seeks to help those in the greatest need, irrespective of their nationality, religion, gender, ethnic origin or political affiliation.

-Education and training have a direct bearing on what people can be and do, improve the offer of free formation by rising the scholarships in a European level. Increase the amount of internships and the facilities for the young people so they can be motivated in every different area, from university studies to professional formation. Help programs as Erasmus, Leonardo and every different kind of exchange between European citizens.

-Antidiscrimination policies.

-Aid for the countries most affected by economical crisis.

Justice (Jose Lopez):

-Free legal advisory or assistance for people or families that have been rejected of their homes because of economic problems.

-Mortgage aid and money for debts.

-Changing the legal structure of the central European bank in order to be helpful to all the countries' debt.

Health (Elina Pavilsons):

-Improve efficiency while ensuring access for all to quality healthcare.

-Supporting health in food producers.

-Promotion of the use of natural and ecological medicine.

Social affairs (Janis Ginters):

- Restoring economic growth with more and better jobs, will be the key to the fight against poverty.
- We have to rise people employment amount (%) and reduce the rate of early school leavers.
- Fight against poverty and social exclusion, with more and better jobs with early investment in children.

Home affairs (Marco Sgro):

- Migration and asylum

It is important to improve the coast control system and create a local European department to reduce the risk of the migration.

To reach this aim each country exposed to this risk should collaborate and make agreement with the countries of the migrant people.

- Increase the collaboration between different countries to improve the board control in the home country of the migrant, not only in the country where they go.